



upcomillas^{es}

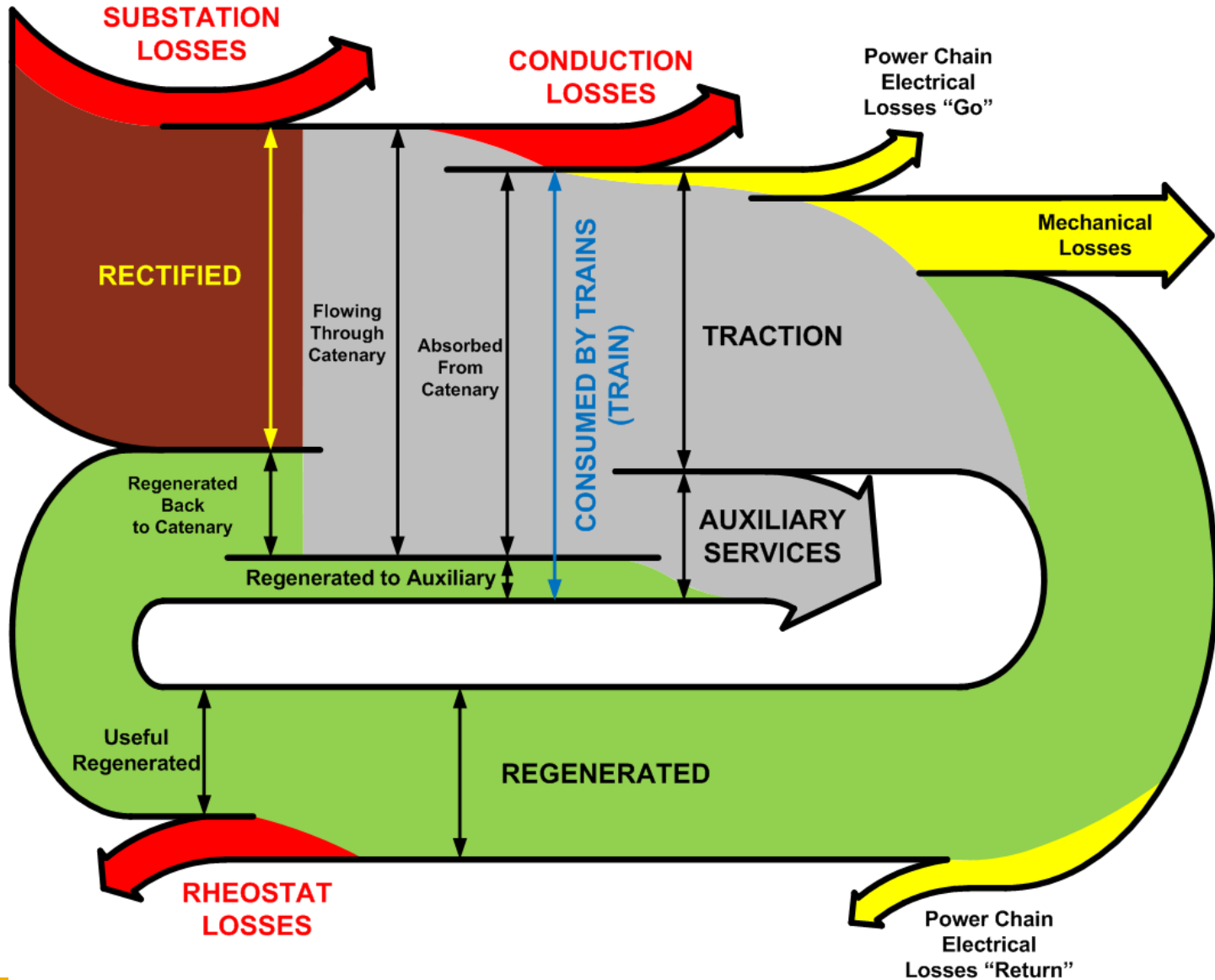
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Optimising the electrical infrastructure of MTSs to increase energy efficiency: when and where to install reversible substations

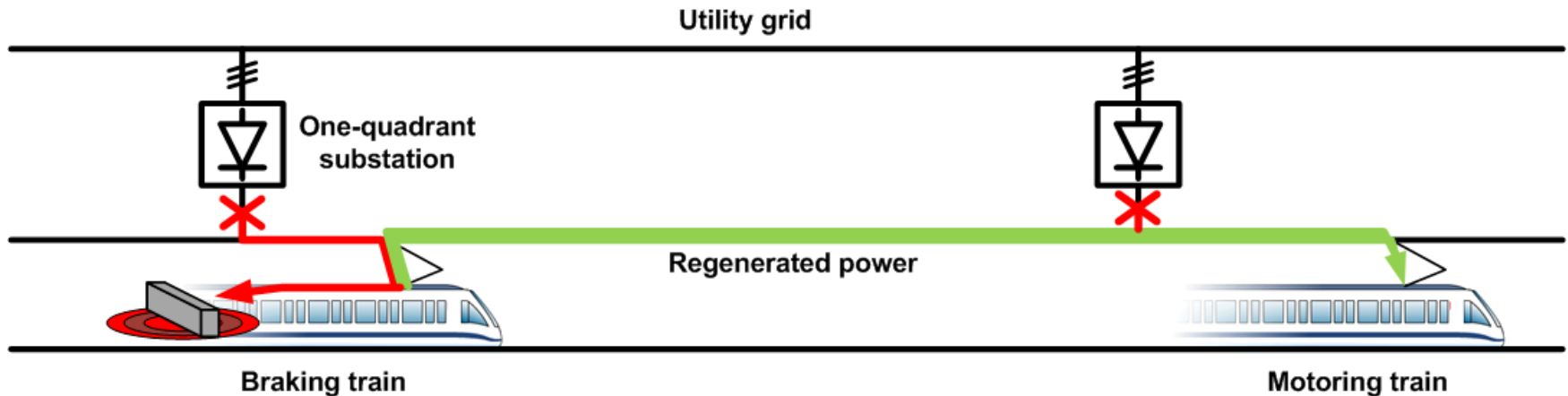
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Antonio Fernández Cardador
Paloma Cucala García**

13 June 2018

Energy flows in a DC-electrified MTS



The problem of limited receptivity

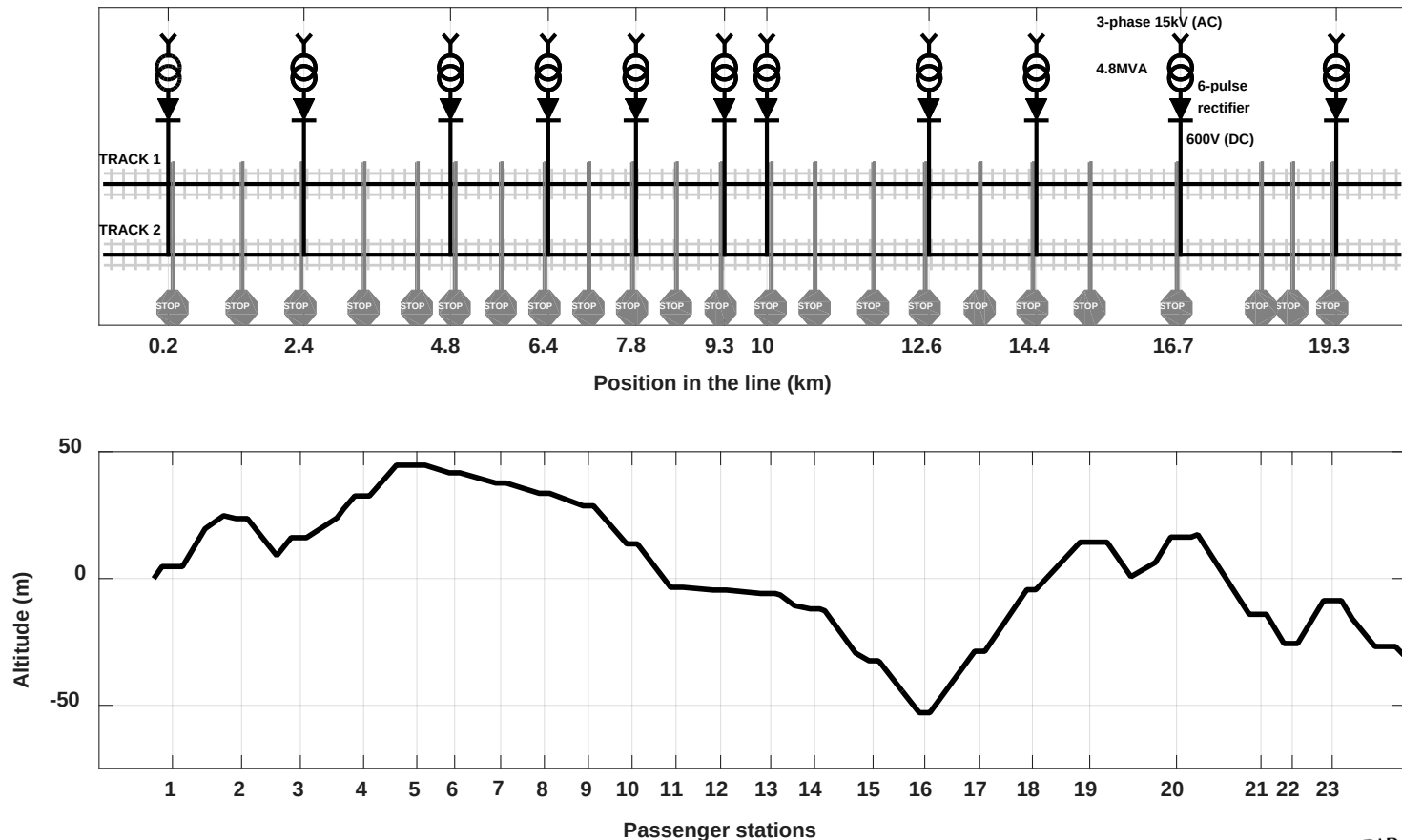


- How could this be fixed?
 - Improving or optimally operating the **electrical infrastructure**

Let's put some numbers to the problem...

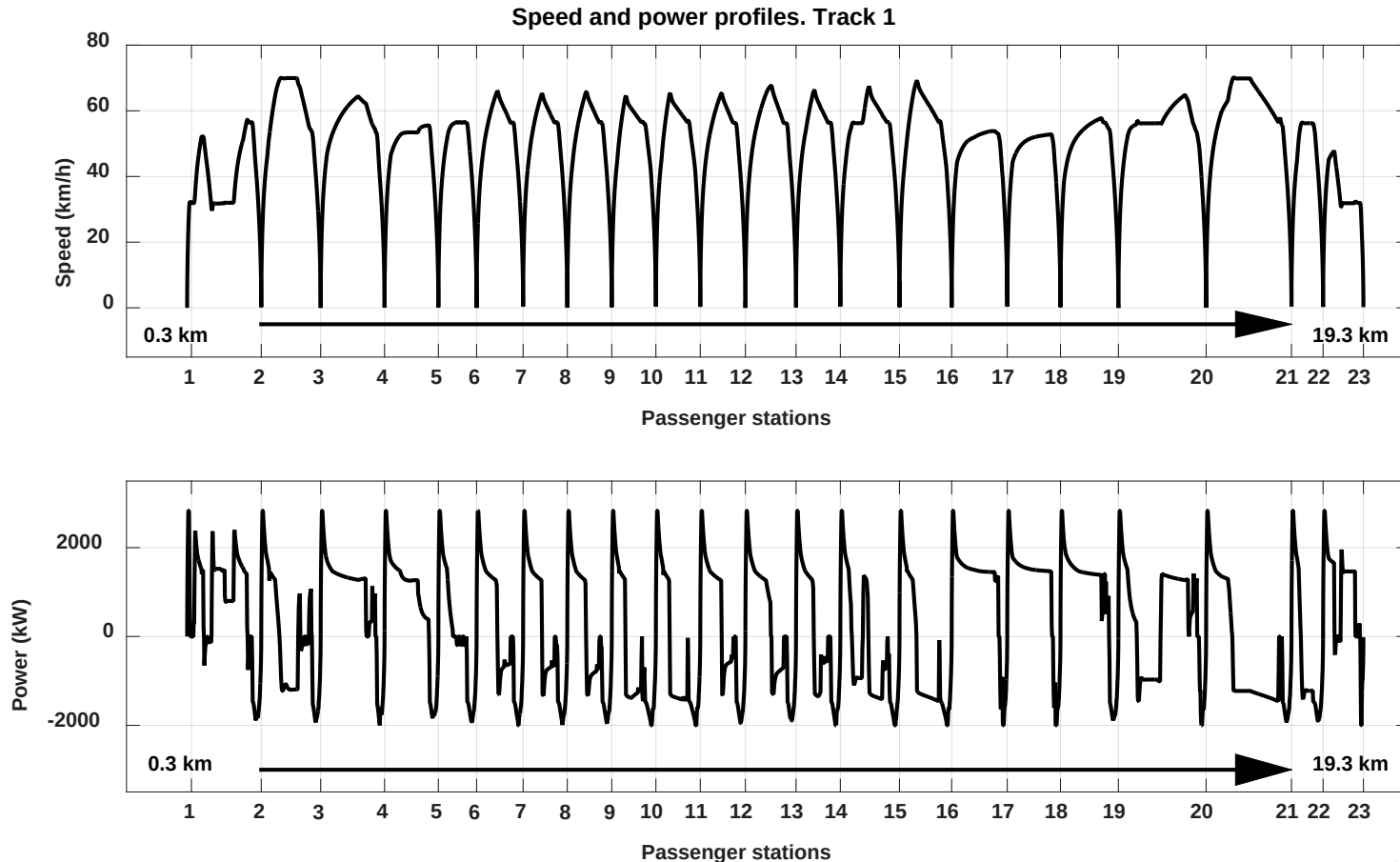
- 19 km **double-track** line
- **23 stations** → 860 m average inter-station

Electrical infrastructure and altitude of the case study



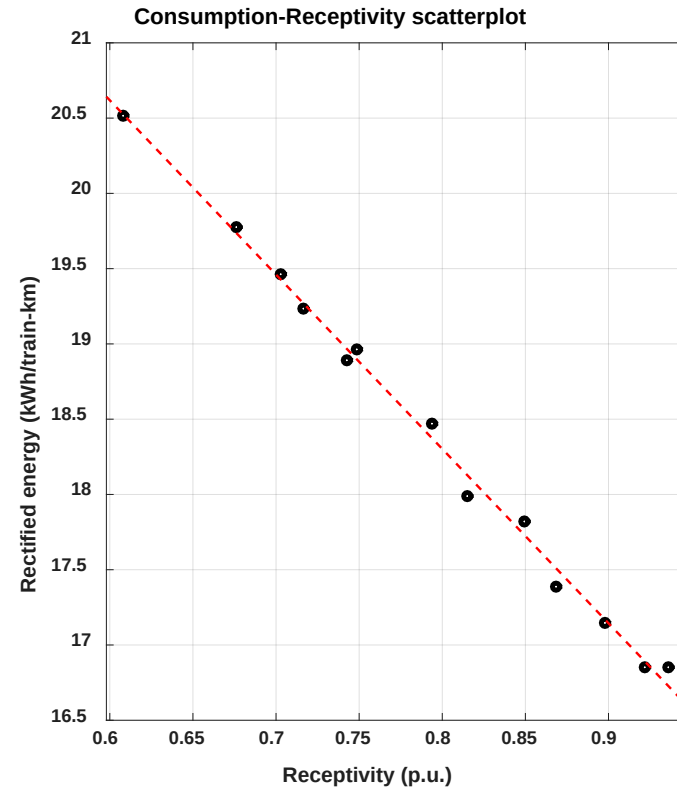
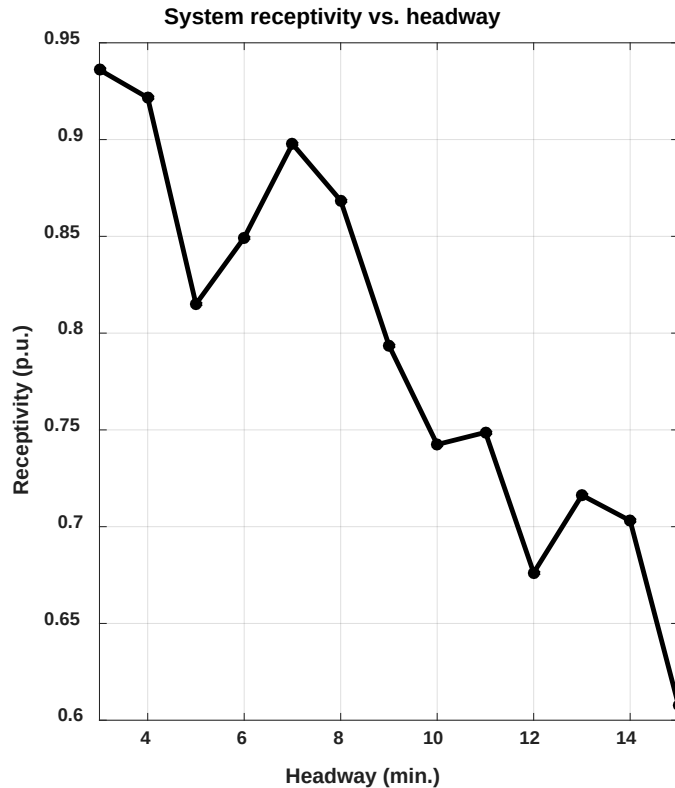
Let's put some numbers to the problem...

- ATO speed profiles (flat-out)
- Speed limitations (max. line speed = 70 km/h)



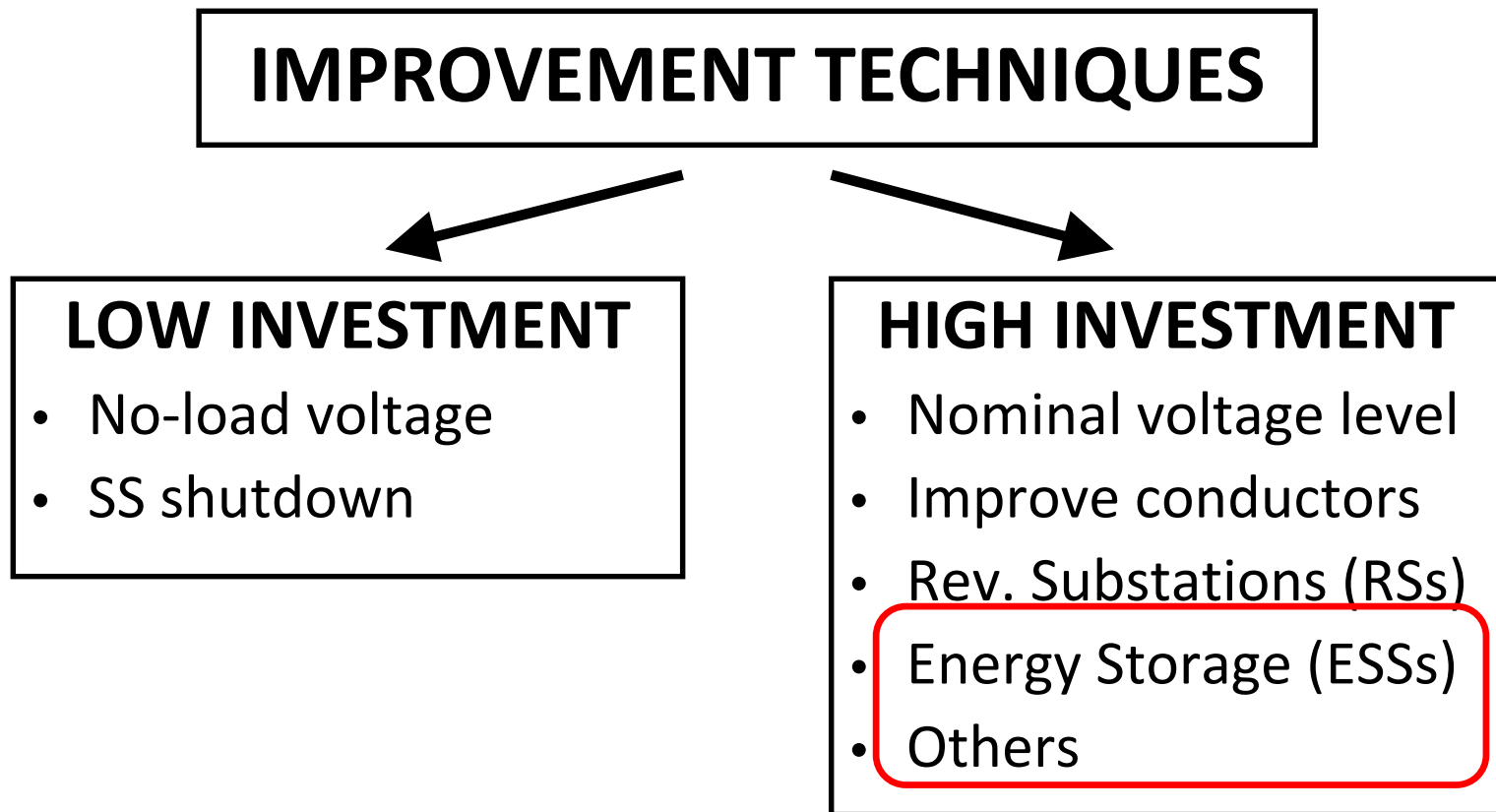
Preliminary analysis results

Regenerative braking → large efficiency increase (40 %)



Infrastructure improvements welcome!

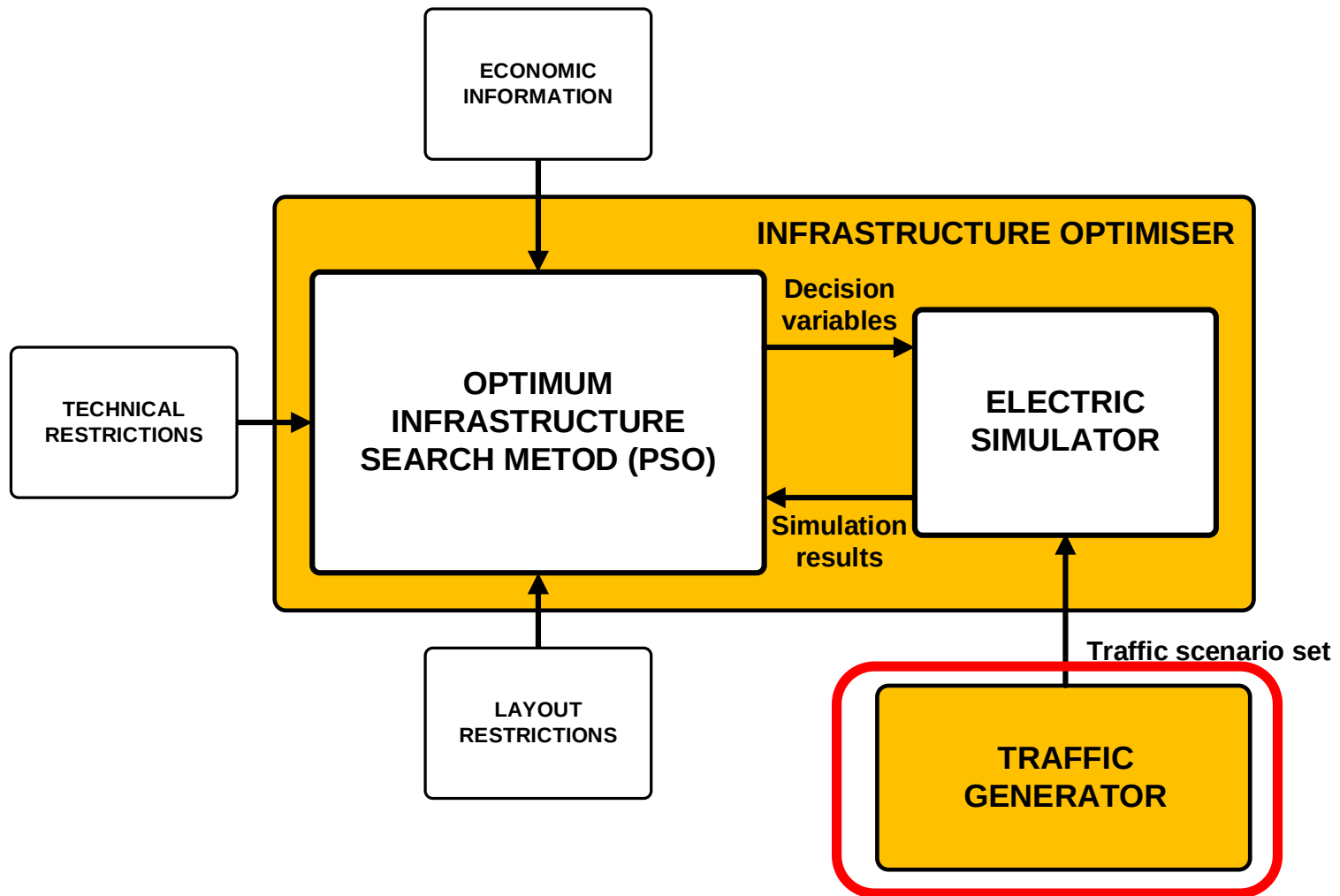
Preliminary analysis. Improvement techniques



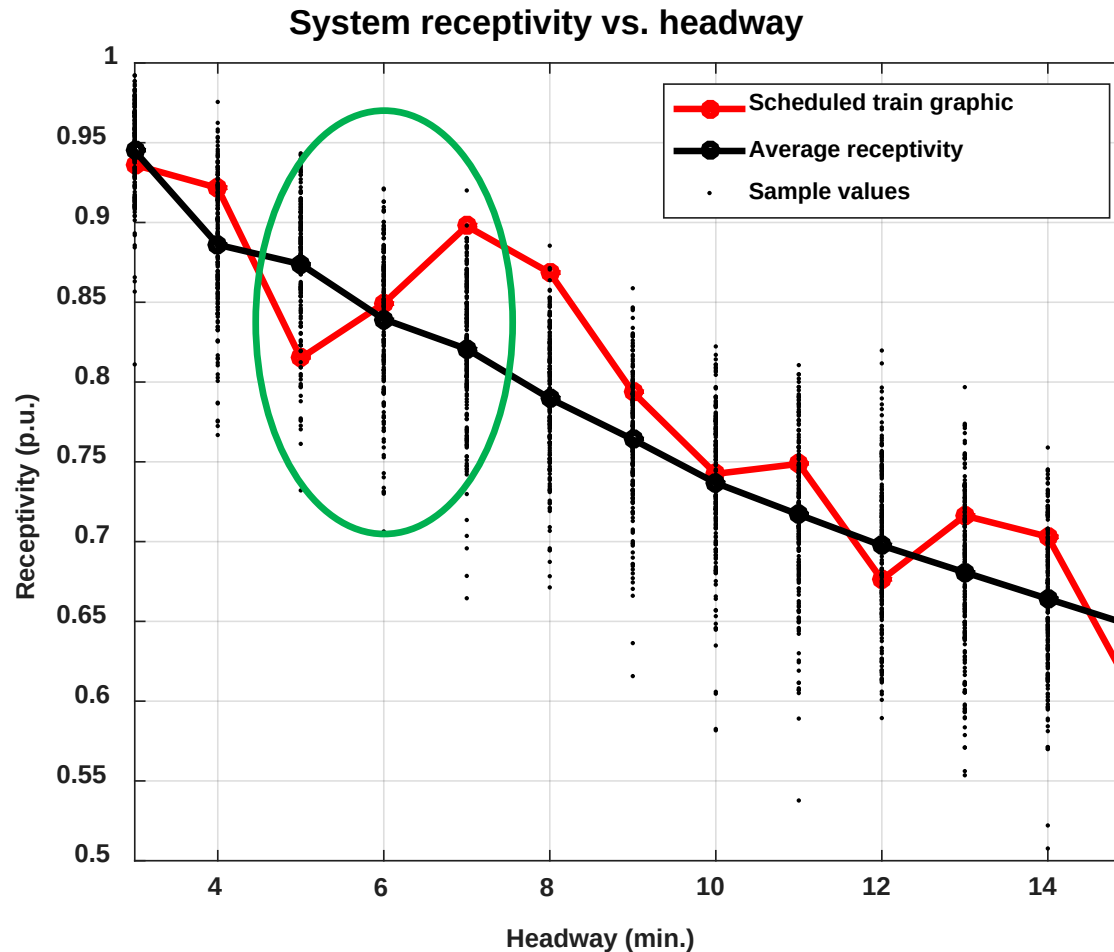
Large rheostat losses → investment required → RISK

Important: **tools and models** to take **right decisions**

Our tool to assist decision taking



High sensitivity to the traffic model



Necessary to include more scenarios

Traffic model concept and concerns

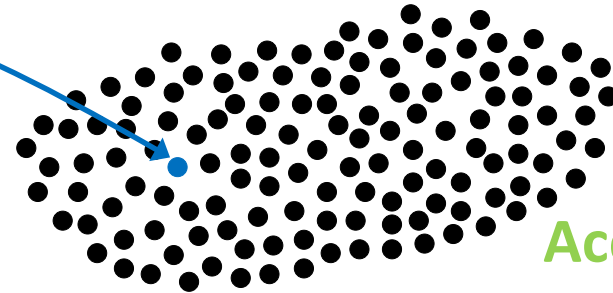
Single traffic scenario

Perfect schedule

Inaccurate
Comp. burden

Traffic space

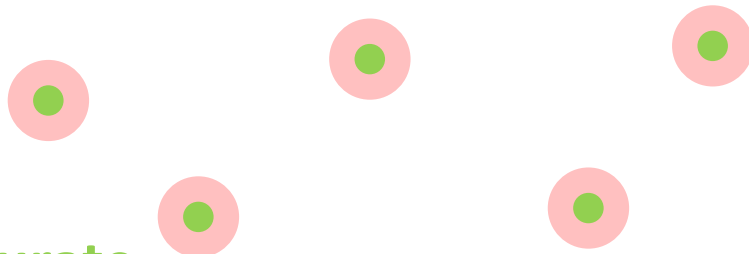
Enough samples of stochastic traffic scenarios



Accurate
Comp. burden

Compressed traffic scenarios

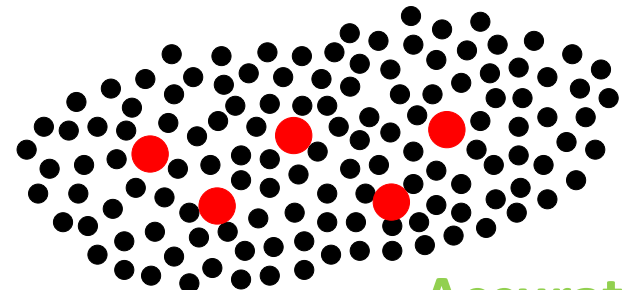
The representative subset, compressed



Accurate
Comp. burden

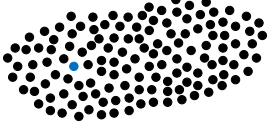
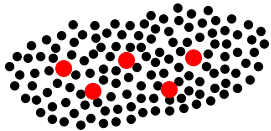
Representative traffic scenarios

A representative subset

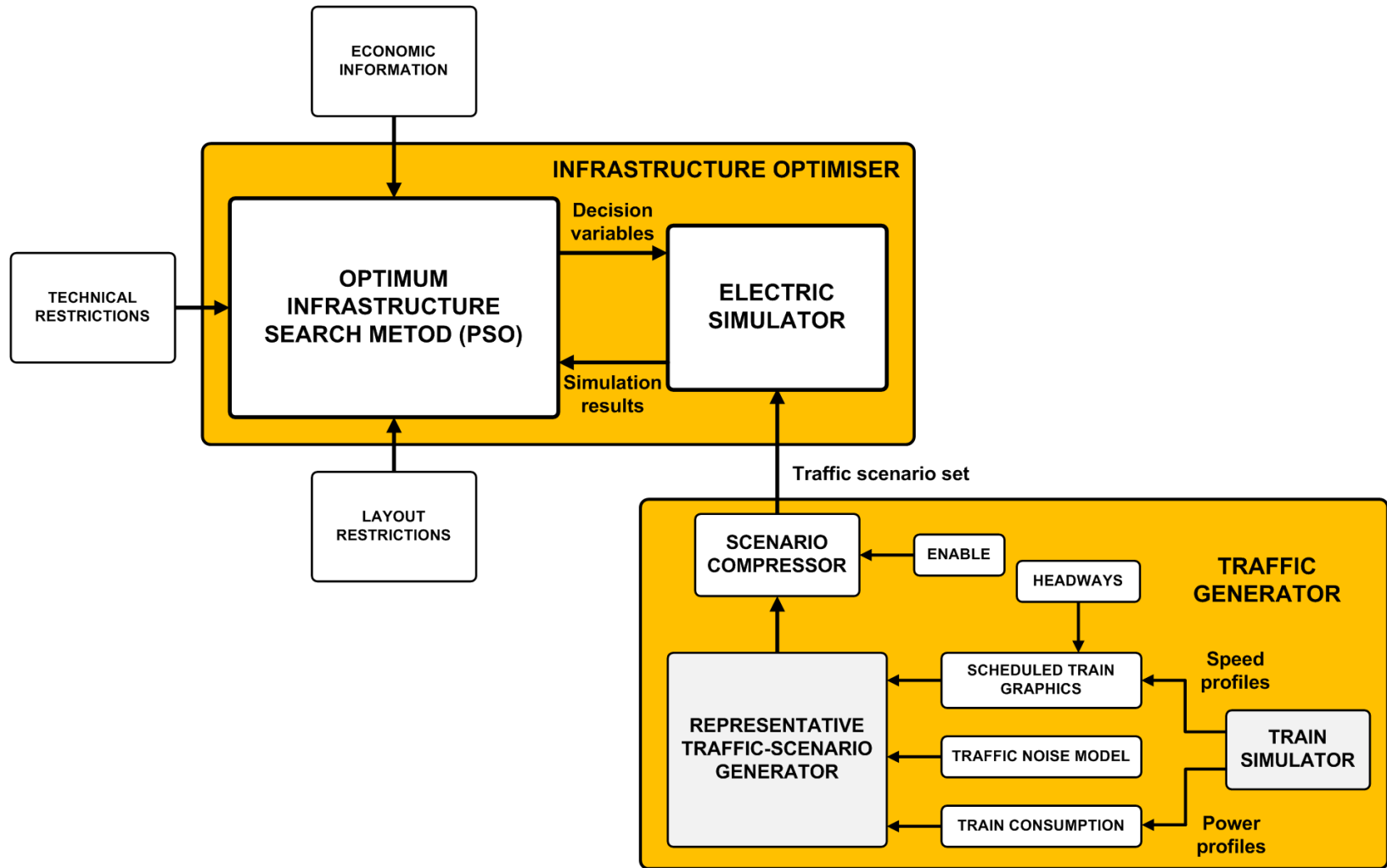


Accurate
Comp. burden

Some figures in a typical optimisation process

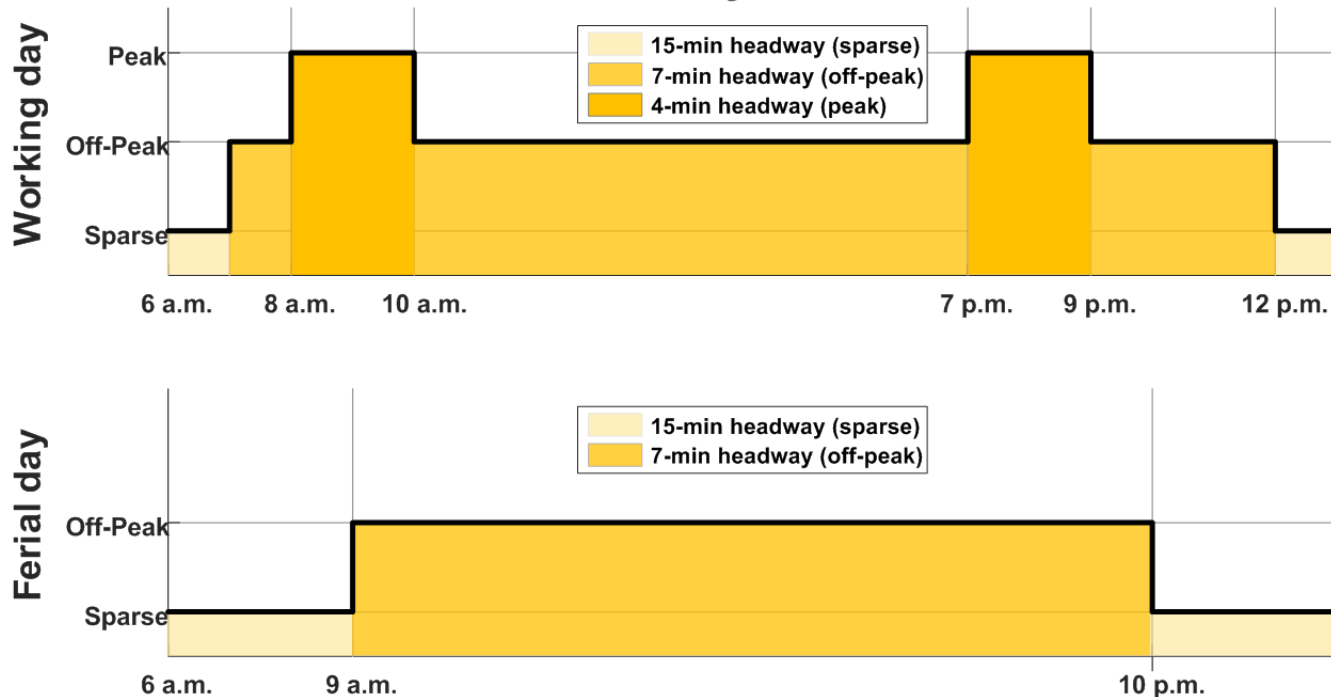
	Nº scenarios	Accuracy	Optimisation time (rough estimation)
Single-scenario		POOR!	13 hours
Traffic space		The highest	9.3 MONTHS
Representative scenarios		Good!	93 hours
Compressed Repr. Scen.		Still good!	18.6 hours

Optimiser details



Headway weekly composition

Headway distributions



	Working day	Ferial day	Weekly total
Sparse headway (hours)	2	6	22
Off-peak headway (hours)	13	13	91
Peak headway (hours)	4	0	20

Economic concerns

RS cost

$$C_{RS} = C_{Fixed} + \alpha_{PWR} \cdot P_{RS}$$

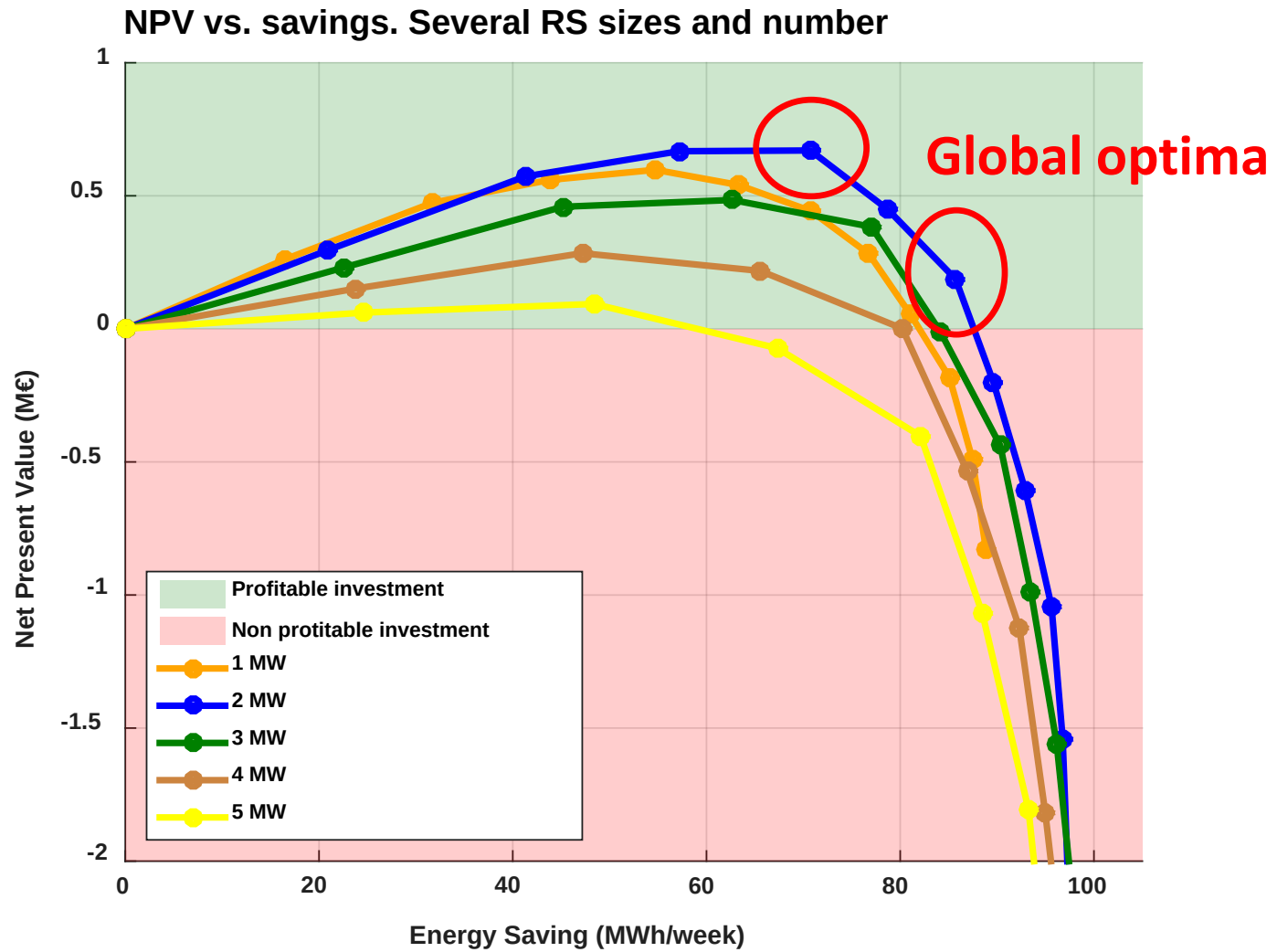
E.g.: 2-MW RS → 0.55 M€

Investment feasibility: Net Present Value

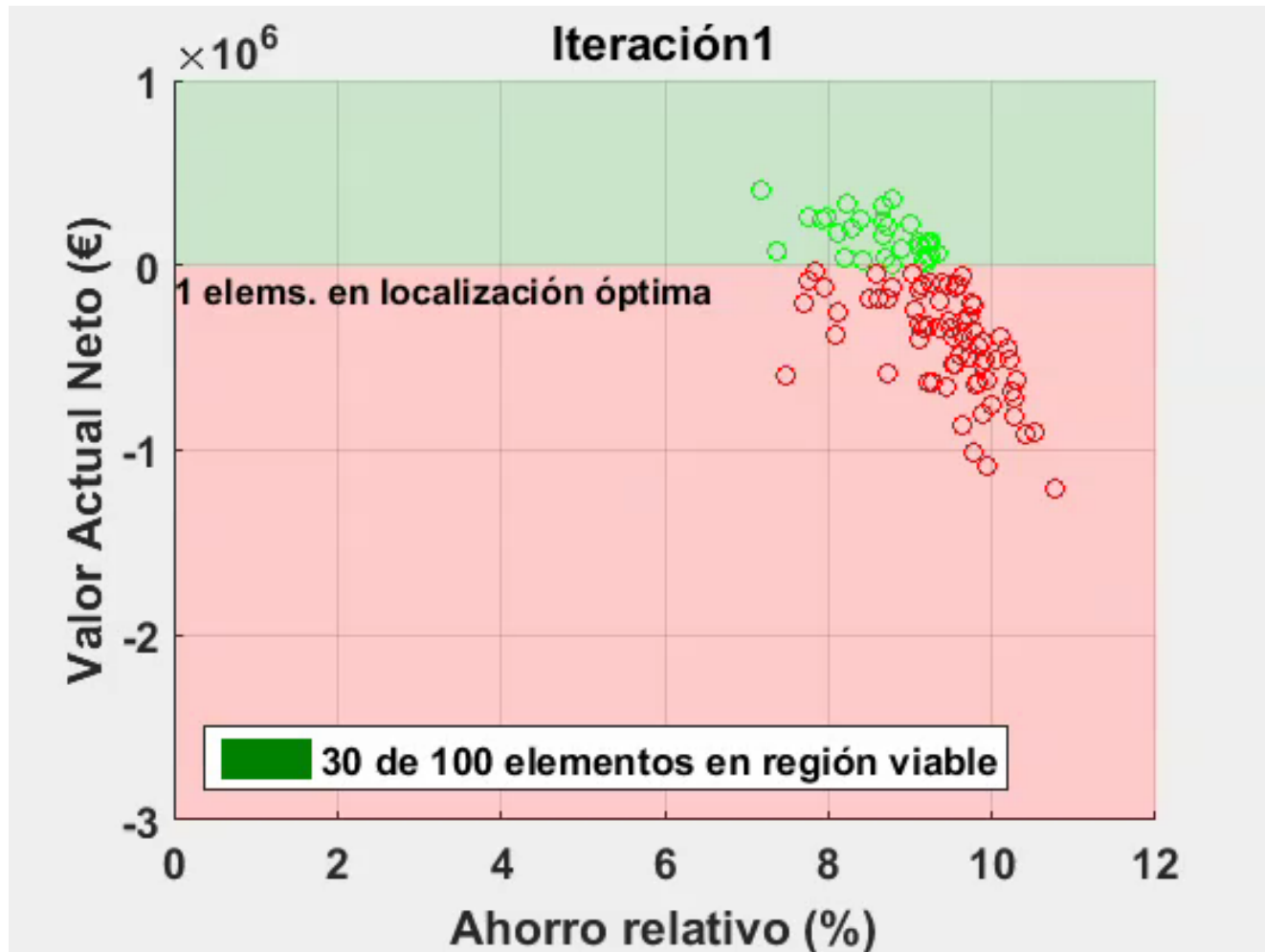
$$NPV = \sum_{t=1}^T \frac{ES_t}{(1+r)^t} - C_0$$

$NPV \geq 0 \rightarrow$ Feasible investment

Search space analysis. Some savings curves



The optimiser in action!



Useful outcomes for operators

- Insights on the **effect of traffic in receptivity**
 - and thus in **achievable savings**
- **Methods and models** to represent the traffic in any system
- **Modular** concept design
 - Optimiser, simulator & traffic model **can be plugged into other concepts**
- **Uncertainty** on investment return (and so **risks**) **reduced**



Thank you for your attention!

Questions?

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